PRIVATE TOUR | WINTER WILDLIFE WATCHING

The Winter Wildlife Watching tour is designed for those who want to focus on viewing and learning about wildlife along Yellowstone's famous northern range and Lamar Valley. Winters in Yellowstone offer a unique experience - fewer crowds and epic scenery across snow-covered landscapes. This tour stays close to the road as winter is the best time to view wolves in Yellowstone, and this tour is designed to take advantage of this rare opportunity. Join one of our winter Field Educators to get the most out of your Yellowstone winter experience!

Yellowstone Forever Field Educators will provide transportation, meals, and equipment for the day, take you to northern range wildlife viewing areas, and enhance your experience with stories and science behind Yellowstone. The day will be spent wildlife watching with a Field Educator who will incorporate wildlife, history, ecology, and geology along the northern range, in addition to discussing issues that affect the Yellowstone ecosystem.

Most sightings of wildlife occur at a distance; the field educator will provide high-powered spotting scopes and binoculars for group use.

WHAT'S INCLUDED?

- Delicious field breakfast and lunch catered by Bear's Brew in Gardiner, MT
- · Hot beverage service
- In-park and local pick-up, transportation via a 14passenger minibus and/or transit van
 - Pick-ups only available in Gardiner, MT (up to 10 miles out of town) and Mammoth Hot Springs
- Eight hours of educational programming with a Yellowstone Forever Field Educator
 - · 7:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.
- · High powered scopes and binoculars
- · Field equipment, as needed



PHOTO JACOB FRANK

Gratuities for the Yellowstone Forever Field Educators are <u>not</u> included in the program costs but are recommended and greatly appreciated.

PROGRAM ITINERARY

The itinerary is designed to take advantage of the best opportunities in the park but may be adjusted to adapt to weather conditions, wildlife activity, holidays, and road construction.



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DAY 1 PROGRAM ITINERARY

The day begins early to catch morning wildlife activity. You'll begin with a short orientation, where the Field Educator will cover the plans for the day and answer any questions the participants may have.

7:00 a.m. Depart Gardiner or Mammoth Hot Springs for Northern Range & Lamar Valley

Hot beverage service and box breakfast provided

Wildlife Watching

In-field tutorial on how to use the high-powered scopes and binoculars

11:00 a.m. Lunch in the field

Lunch provided - location TBD

3:00 p.m. RETURN TO PICK UP LOCATION



PHOTO NEAL HERBERT

ACTIVITY LEVEL

HOW FIT DO YOU NEED TO BE?

- Activity levels for private tour programs vary. Private tour groups can request their desired activity level for the program. Most activities take place at elevations between 6,000 to 7,500 feet. Participants residing at lower elevations may want to arrive a day early to adjust to the altitude.
- To learn more about how specific medical conditions can be affected by Yellowstone's environment and our activities, please <u>visit our site page on health</u> information.

To participate in this program, each participant must fill out and sign a health questionnaire and assumption of risk waiver. These forms must be completed and returned at least 30 days prior to the program start date.

WHOM TO CONTACT

For any questions, concerns, or additional information, please contact the following:

- · Program questions and bookings, contact Yellowstone Forever at <u>institute@yellowstone.org</u> or 406-848-2400 extension 3
- Road updates, park conditions, and general park information, contact Yellowstone National Park Service at https://www.nps.gov/yell/contacts.htm



PHOTO JACOB FRANK



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GENERAL EQUIPMENT & CLOTHING LIST

Much of the program time will be spent outdoors, and participants should be prepared for a variety of mountain weather conditions and temperatures. Appropriate clothing, equipment, and footwear are important. Winter temperatures can range from below freezing in the mornings to 40° Fahrenheit in the afternoons. The layered use of garments for protection against the wind, sun, and temperature extremes should guide clothing choices.

*The Field Educator will be carrying a first aid kit, bear spray, and emergency communication device.



PHOTO JACOB FRANK



PHOTO NEAL HERBERT

EQUIPMENT

- Daypack, with enough capacity to carry extra clothes, water, lunch, camera, binoculars, etc.
- Water bottle, Guests should always keep a minimum of one quart of water on hand to facilitate proper hydration.
- Sunglasses
- Sunscreen/Lip protector, sun at high altitude can burn unprotected skin quickly
- Optics, camera and binoculars

CLOTHING

- Insulating underwear, capilene, polypropylene, wool, or similar wicking fabric
- Midweight insulating layer, a light synthetic fleece or wool shirt/pullover
- Heavyweight insulating layer, wool, down, or heavyweight fleece jacket
- Waterproof and windproof outer layer, lightweight and breathable, jackets and pants
- Pants, wool, fleece pants are preferred, no cotton
- · Hats, an insulating hat for cool weather
- Gloves, lightweight glove liners and a pair of wool/fleece gloves or mittens
- Socks, specifically designed for hiking, that wick moisture
- Insulated boots, must have water repellent layers outside, thick insulation inside, and be large enough to fit over thick socks. Tight boots are the surest way to get painfully cold feet. Soles with proper traction or traction devices (i.e. Yaktrax) are essential for icy conditions. General hiking boots will not provide adequate insulation or traction in most cases.
- Off-duty shoes, sandals, athletic shoes, or other leisure footwear

CODE OF ETHICS

Yellowstone Forever is committed to demonstrating a high standard of appropriate and ethical behavior in Yellowstone. As a participant on a Yellowstone Forever program, participants will adhere to the following Code of Ethics. In addition to the ethics highlighted below, the Yellowstone Forever abides by all National Park Service rules and regulations, in addition to practicing Leave No Trace guidelines for traveling responsibly in the wilderness.

OBSERVING WILDLIFE

Groups will do their best to have as little impact on wildlife as possible. Animals will be observed from a distance, using high-powered spotting scopes to help keep the group presence from affecting their behavior. Participants should not expect to get close-up photographs of wildlife. Yellowstone Forever adheres to National Park Service regulations by keeping a minimum distance of 25 yards from bison, elk, bighorn sheep, deer, moose, coyotes, and nesting birds and 100 yards from bears and wolves. Wildlife will not be enticed with food, animal calls, or any actions that change their behavior.

Expect wildlife on the road and drive at or below the

posted park speed limits. When stopping to observe

field educators will move vehicles entirely off the road.

If there is no safe pullout available, educators will drive

wildlife. Yellowstone Forever will not stop in the middle of the road and should a traffic jam develop because of

wildlife or other park features, Yellowstone Forever

to the next safe place and walk back to observe the

the group's activities, the activity will cease.

PHOTO JIM PEACO

LEAVE WHAT YOU FIND

It is illegal to remove natural or cultural artifacts (plants, animals, bones, rocks, etc.) from Yellowstone. Yellowstone Forever educators have permission from the National Park Service to manipulate plants, rocks, bones, etc. for educational purposes and will return them to their natural positions and locations.

GENERAL ETIQUETTE

Yellowstone Forever groups will be considerate of other visitors and respect the quality of their experience. Voices and vehicle sounds carry great distances and affect both wildlife and people – remaining silent or very quiet while watching wildlife lets the sounds of Yellowstone (including wolf howls) prevail.

PROPERLY DISPOSE OF WASTE

ROADS AND VEHICLES

Participants will pack out all trash, leftover food, and litter. Field Educators will discuss techniques for properly disposing of human waste in the field.

TRAVELING LIGHTLY

When hiking or walking Yellowstone, groups will use existing trails and boardwalks. Hikers will follow appropriate techniques when walking off-trail – walking around muddy or wet places in the trail increases erosion and negatively affects the resource; proper equipment is essential to hiking ethically. Participants should come adequately prepared with the equipment listed for the program and should expect to walk through mud, snow, or puddles in the trail.